

Samba — шары с простым паролем доступом

1. Установка

```
# yum install -y samba samba-client cifs-utils vim mc
```

2. Создание пользователей и группы в системе

```
# for i in user1 user2 user3; do useradd -M -s /sbin/nologin $i; done
# groupadd sambagroup
# for i in user1 user2 user3; do usermod -aG sambagroup $i; done
```

3. Создание директорий для шар и расстановка привилегий

```
# mkdir -p /home/sambashare
# chgrp sambagroup /home/sambashare
# chmod 2775 /home/sambashare
# chmod g+w /home/sambashare
```

4. Настройка smb.conf и добавление пользователей samba

```
# cd /etc/samba/
# cp smb.conf.example smb.conf
# vim smb.conf
```

```
[global]
```

```
workgroup = WORKGROUP
server string = Samba Server Version %v
netbios name = SDATA
```

```
interfaces = lo enp64s0
hosts allow = 127. 10.8.0. 192.168.113. 10.0.0.
```

```
# Для Аутентификации WinXP
#ntlm auth = yes
```

```
log file = /var/log/samba/log.%m
```

```
# maximum size of 50KB per log file, then rotate:
max log size = 50
```

```
security = user
passdb backend = tdbsam
```

```
# Принтеры не нужны
#load printers = yes
# cups options = raw
```

```
#[printers]
# comment = All Printers
# path = /var/spool/samba
# browseable = no
# guest ok = no
# writable = no
# printable = yes
```

```
[smbashare]
comment = Docs
path = /home/smbashare
write list = @smbagroup
```

```
#[ramdisk]
#comment = RAM
#path = /home/ramdisk
#browseable = no
#guest ok = no
#write list = @smbagroup
```

```
# for i in user1 user2 user3; do smbpasswd -a $i; done
```

Проверим

```
# pdbedit -L
user1:1001:
user2:1002:
user3:1003:
```

5. Проверяем и запускаем

```
# testparm
# systemctl enable {smb,nmb}
```

```
# systemctl start {smb,nmb}
# systemctl status {smb,nmb}
```

6. Настройка Firewall

```
# firewall-cmd --get-services
# firewall-cmd --add-service=samba --permanent
# firewall-cmd --reload
# firewall-cmd --list-all
```

7. Выключим на время SELinux и пробуем соединиться

```
# getenforce
# setenforce 0
```

```
# mount -o username=user1 //localhost/smbashare /mnt
Password for user1@//localhost/smbashare: *
# mount | grep smbashare
//localhost/smbashare      on      /mnt      type      cifs
(rw,relatime,vers=1.0,cache=strict,username=user1,domain=,uid=
0,noforceuid,gid=0,noforcegid,addr=0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:00
00:0000:0001,soft,unix,posixpaths,serverino,mapposix,acl,rsize
=1048576,wsizе=65536,echo_interval=60,actimeo=1)

# smbstatus
```

Samba version 4.7.1

PID		Username	Group	Machine
Protocol	Version	Encryption	Signing	

1749	user1	user1	::1 (ipv6:::1:51708)	NT1
-	-			

Service	pid	Machine	Connected at
Encryption	Signing		

IPC\$	1749	::1	Tue Oct 23 07:10:11 PM 2018 EEST
-	-		
smbashare	1749	::1	Tue Oct 23 07:10:11 PM 2018 EEST
-	-		

8. Настройка SELinux и установка man-ов

```
# man sepolICY
# yum provides */sepolICY
# yum install -y polICYcoreutils-devel
# man sepolICY
# man sepolICY-manpage
# sepolICY manpage -a -p /usr/share/man/man8
# mandb -c
#      semanage      fcontext      -a      -t      samba_share_t
"/home/sambashare(/.*)?"
# restorecon -Rv /home/sambashare/
# cd /home/sambashare/
# ls -Zd
drwxrwxr-x.                  root                  sambagroup
unconfined_u:object_r:samba_share_t:s0
```

Включаем обратно SELinux

```
# setenforce 1
```

Для облегчения поиска и решения проблем касающихся SELinux, нужно установить пакет setroubleshoot-server:

```
# yum install -y setroubleshoot-server
```

Теперь узнать варианты решения можно по команде:

```
# sealert -a /var/log/audit/audit.log
```

и следуя подсказкам. Для ускорения поиска можно обнулить audit.log:

```
# cd /var/log/audit/ && sort audit.log > audit.log
```

При выполнении testparm вылезло предупреждение:

```
[root@smb home]# testparm
Load smb config files from /etc/samba/smb.conf
rlimit_max: increasing rlimit_max (1024) to minimum Windows
limit (16384)
```

В конце файла дописываем:

```
# vim /etc/security/limits.conf
```

```
## For Samba
```

```
*                -                nofile                16384
```